

The basicsMyths and facts



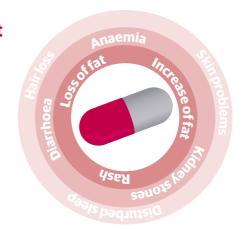
There's a lot of misunderstanding about HIV and AIDS.

Not everything that you hear about HIV and AIDS is true.

This leaflet will help you separate the myths from the facts.



HIV treatment has terrible side-effects.





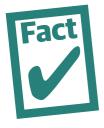
Today's anti-HIV drugs have fewer and less severe side-effects than the drugs used in the past.

Most side-effects are caused by the body getting used to a new drug and they go away after a few weeks. Severe, long-term side-effects are much less common. If one drug does cause you problems, your doctor can usually give you a different drug.



HIV is man-made.



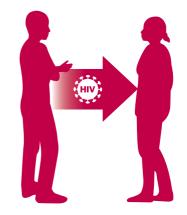


HIV is closely related to a similar virus found in chimpanzees. It has existed in humans since at least the 1950s.

Scientists believe the virus crossed to humans when a man who was hunting chimpanzees was wounded and blood from a chimpanzee entered his bloodstream.



People with HIV can infect others during everyday social contact.





HIV can only be passed on when one person's body fluids (for example, blood, semen and fluids from the vagina, but not saliva) get inside another person's body.

This doesn't happen when you hug or talk to someone, or when you use the same fork, cup, plate, towel or bathroom as another person. So there is no risk of passing on HIV in these situations.



Foreigners are deported from the UK if they have HIV.





People are not deported or given permission to stay because they have HIV.

HIV is never the reason for a person being deported. And it does not help a person to stay, apart from in a small number of exceptional cases.



You don't need to start taking anti-HIV drugs until you feel ill.

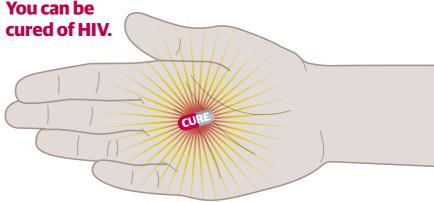




It is better to start HIV treatment as soon as possible.

Without HIV treatment, HIV silently damages the immune system (the body's defence system). Some of the damage cannot be repaired. By starting treatment before the immune system is damaged, you can prevent future illnesses.







Despite a lot of scientific research, there is still no cure for HIV.

HIV treatment can get rid of most of the HIV in the body, but the virus never entirely disappears. It will still be present in some parts of the body, like the intestines. If you stop taking your anti-HIV drugs, HIV will start spreading throughout your body.



People with HIV pass their infection on every time they have sex.





Just as a woman doesn't become pregnant each time she has sex, HIV is not passed on each time either.

If a condom is used correctly, there is hardly any risk of HIV being passed on. If the person with HIV is also taking anti-HIV drugs, the risk is even lower.









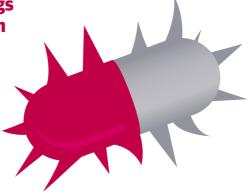


There are many reasons why people move to the UK, but the NHS is rarely one of them.

If people moved to the UK because of the NHS, they would probably start to use health services soon after they arrived. In fact, the average length of time between a person arriving in the UK and getting care from an HIV clinic is five years.



Anti-HIV drugs do more harm than good.





Without anti-HIV drugs, most people with HIV become seriously ill, develop AIDS and die at a young age.

When HIV treatment is taken in good time, it allows people to live a long and healthy life. Most side-effects go away after a few weeks and have no long-term consequences. People taking anti-HIV drugs have their health carefully monitored to check they are doing well.



Herbs and nutritional supplements can be as effective as anti-HIV drugs.





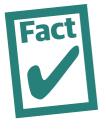
Some herbs and supplements may be good for your general health, but they cannot prevent HIV from infecting new cells and spreading.

Only anti-HIV drugs have been proven, by scientific research, to prevent HIV from spreading in the body. Also, some herbal supplements stop anti-HIV drugs from working correctly. They can reduce the amount of the drug that gets into the blood, making it less effective against HIV.



You can't get HIV if you are married.





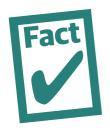
Unfortunately, millions of people who are married or in long-term stable relationships have become HIV-positive.

This has sometimes happened because one partner had HIV before they met. It has also happened when one of the partners has been unfaithful and had unprotected sex.



A drug company has found a cure for HIV, but is keeping it secret to protect its profits.





Scientists and drug companies have not yet discovered a cure for HIV.

There are many different drug companies producing anti-HIV drugs and they are very competitive. If one of the companies could sell a cure, they would earn far more money than their competitors. Research continues.

Want to find out more?

For more information on this topic

- Read our 'Transmission facts' leaflet.
- Read our 'HIV, stigma and discrimination' booklet.

For more information about HIV

- Visit our website www.aidsmap.com.
- Speak to an adviser at THT Direct (phone: 0808 802 1221).

For information in other languages

Visit www.aidsmap.com/translations.

Has this leaflet been useful to you?

Please let us know what you think. Your feedback helps us to improve the services we offer.

You can contact us to find out more about the scientific research and information we have used to produce this leaflet.

We recommend that you discuss the information in this leaflet with a doctor or other health worker.

NAM

Acorn House 314-320 Gray's Inn Road London WC1X 8DP

Phone: 020 7837 6988 Website: www.aidsmap.com Email: info@nam.org.uk Charity number: 1011220 Thanks to all of the professionals and people with HIV who have helped us to develop this leaflet.

This leaflet is available in large format as a PDF. Call NAM on O2O 7837 6988.





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